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## SEX BY AGE (AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE ALONE) Universe: People who are American Indian and Alaska Native alone 2012 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

		Alaska	
I		Estimate	Margin of Error
ī	Total:	102,582	+/-3,525
f	Male:	52,078	+/-2,275
	Under 5 years	5,067	+/-613
	5 to 9 years	4,606	+/-620
	10 to 14 years	4,665	+/-664
	15 to 17 years	3,284	+/-449
	18 and 19 years	1,516	+/-286
	20 to 24 years	4,126	+/-579
	25 to 29 years	3,469	+/-427
	30 to 34 years	3,846	+/-979
	35 to 44 years	6,865	+/-1,048
	45 to 54 years	6,588	+/-678
	55 to 64 years	4,892	+/-683
	65 to 74 years	2,235	+/-389
	75 to 84 years	742	+/-109
	85 years and over	177	+/-117
	Female:	50,504	+/-1,931
	Under 5 years	4,049	+/-510
	5 to 9 years	4,524	+/-653
	10 to 14 years	3,900	+/-674
	15 to 17 years	2,548	+/-369
	18 and 19 years	1,578	+/-433
	20 to 24 years	4,507	+/-565
	25 to 29 years	3,759	+/-398
	30 to 34 years	3,218	+/-368
	35 to 44 years	5,358	+/-705
	45 to 54 years	7,158	+/-674
	55 to 64 years	5,364	+/-485
	65 to 74 years	2,303	+/-318
	75 to 84 years	1,367	+/-291
	85 years and over	871	+/-440

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2012 American Community Survey

Explanation of Symbols:

An "\*\* entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate. An '- entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution. An \*\*\*\* entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate. An \*\*\*\*\*\* entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling

An "\*\*\*\*\* entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

While the 2012 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the December 2009 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.